Open and close a file in Python

- ➤ Opening a file refers to getting the file ready either for reading or for writing.
- This can be done using the open() function.
- This function returns a file object and takes two arguments, one that accepts the file name and another that accepts the mode (Access Mode).

```
# open the file using open() function
file = open("sample.txt", 'a')
```

Python has a close() method to close a file. # closing the file

file.close()

File access Mode

Mode	Function
r	Read Only
r+	Read and Write
W	Write Only
W^+	Write and Read
a	Append Only
a+	Append and Read

Reading from a file and writing in a file

```
# Reading from file
print(file.read())
```

Add content in the file file.write(" RCCIIT College, Kolkata")

Import module in Python

Import module in Python

- ➤ Import in python is similar to #include header_file in C/C++.
- > Python modules can get access to code from another module by importing the file/function using import.

import math
print(math.pi)

Rather than importing the whole module.

from math import pi

print(pi)

Here math is not imported, rather just pi has been imported as a variable.

All the functions and constants can be imported using *.

from math import *
print(pi)

Package in Python

- ➤ A package can contain one or more relevant modules.
- A package is actually a folder containing one or more module files.

```
File name: functions.py
def sum(x,y):
  return x+y

def average(x,y):
  return (x+y)/2

def power(x,y):
  return x**y
```

Python Random Module

Python Random module is an in-built module of Python which is used to generate random numbers.

import random

```
# prints a random value from the list
list1 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
print(random.choice(list1))
```

#Generate random integers between 0.0 to 1.0 import random random()

from random import random
print(random())

THANK YOU